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| APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE |                  | G DATE     | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO. |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| 10/806,633 03/22/2004       |                  | 2/2004     | Robert Tod Dimpsey   | AUS920040062US1         | 2625             |  |  |
| 35525                       | 7590             | 05/15/2006 |                      | EXAMINER                |                  |  |  |
| IBM CORP<br>C/O YEE & .     | ` '              | SS PC      | MOORE, PATRICK M     |                         |                  |  |  |
| P.O. BOX 80                 |                  | 2510       | ART UNIT             | PAPER NUMBER            |                  |  |  |
| DALLAS, T                   | DALLAS, TX 75380 |            |                      |                         | 2188             |  |  |
|                             |                  |            |                      | DATE MAILED: 05/15/2006 |                  |  |  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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|  |  | Applicati   | on No.  | Applicant(s)   |              |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--------------|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary  |  |   | ,633 DIMPSEY ET AL.   |  |              |  |  |  |
|  |  |   | •   | Art Unit   |              |  |  |  |
|  |  | Patrick M.  | Moore   | 2188   |              |  |  |  |
| Period fo  | The MAILING DATE of this communicati<br>or Reply   | on appears on the   | e cover sheet with the c  | orrespondence ad   | dress        |  |  |  |
| WHIC<br>- Exter<br>after<br>- If NO<br>- Failu<br>Any  | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILI asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | NG DATE OF TH<br>CFR 1.136(a). In no ev<br>tion.<br>period will apply and w<br>y statute, cause the app | HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be timil expire SIX (6) MONTHS from dication to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |              |  |  |  |
| Status   |  |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 1)⊠  | Responsive to communication(s) filed or  | n 22 March 2004   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| ·  | •  | This action is r  |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| ·—   | • =  | <del>_</del>  |   | secution as to the   | merits is    |  |  |  |
| ,  | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.   |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| Dispositi  | on of Claims   |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 4)⊠  | ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.  |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| •  | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.   |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
|  | Claim(s) is/are allowed.   |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.  |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 7)   | Claim(s) is/are objected to.   |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 8)□  | Claim(s) are subject to restriction  | and/or election r   | equirement.   |  |              |  |  |  |
| Applicati  | on Papers  |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 9)   | The specification is objected to by the Ex   | aminer.   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| 10)  | The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[  | accepted or b   | objected to by the I  | Examiner.  |              |  |  |  |
|  | Applicant may not request that any objection   | to the drawing(s)   | oe held in abeyance. See  | e 37 CFR 1.85(a).  |              |  |  |  |
|  | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the   | correction is requir  | red if the drawing(s) is ob   | jected to. See 37 Cl   | FR 1.121(d). |  |  |  |
| 11)  | The oath or declaration is objected to by  | the Examiner. N   | ote the attached Office   | Action or form P7  | TO-152.      |  |  |  |
| Priority u   | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119  |   |   |  |              |  |  |  |
| a)l  | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority doc  2. Certified copies of the priority doc  3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for  | uments have bee<br>uments have bee<br>e priority docum<br>Bureau (PCT Ru                                | en received.<br>en received in Applicati<br>ents have been receive<br>le 17.2(a)).                          | on No<br>ed in this National                                   | Stage        |  |  |  |
| 2) Notice | t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO tr No(s)/Mail Date 6/30/05;4/11&25/06.   |   | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:                                  | ate  | O-152)       |  |  |  |

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-26 have been examined.

### Information Disclosure Statement

- 2. The information disclosure statements (IDS) were submitted on 30 June 2005, 11 April 2006 and 25 April 2006. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, except where noted below. Accordingly, the information disclosure statements have been considered by the Examiner.
  - a. Within the IDS filed on 30 June 2005, the NPL document, labeled as BJ in Other Prior Art section on Page 2 of 4 was not considered by Examiner because they lack an English translation as required by 37 CFR 1.98(a)(3).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3. Claims 3, 4, 12, 14, 15 & 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
  - a. Claims 3 & 14 each recite the limitation "the access the one byte" in Line 3.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims.

Examiner notes that changing the limitation to "an access to the one byte" would overcome this rejection.

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b. Claims 4, 15 & 24 recite the limitation "the subsequent memory location" in Lines 16-17, Lines 17-18 & Line 19, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims.

c. Claim 12 recites the limitation "the method" in Line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 4. Claims 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
  - a. As defined on page 59 of Applicant's Specification, a computer readable medium, which includes radio frequency waves and wireless communication links, constitutes non-statutory subject matter. A transmission-type medium, as claimed by applicant, does not fall within any of the patent eligible categories set forth by 35 U.S.C. 101: process, machine, manufacture or composition of matter. As set forth in 1 Chisum, Sec. 1.02[3] (citing W. Robinson, The Law of Patents for Useful Inventions 270 (1890)), a product is a tangible physical article or object, some form of matter, which a signal is not. That the other product classes require physical matter is evidence that a manufacture was also intended to require physical matter. A signal or carrier wave, as a form of energy, does not

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fall within the definition of process, machine, manufacture or composition and therefore does not fall within one of the four statutory classes of Sec. 101.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1-8, 10-19 & 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hervin et al (US Patent # 5,805,879), herein Hervin.
  - a. As for Claim 1, FROG discloses a method in a data processing system for generating coverage data for accesses to dynamically allocated data during execution of code in a data processing system [Column 1, Lines 16-22], the method comprising: responsive to a request to dynamically allocate a memory area for dynamically allocated data, dynamically allocating the memory area [Column 3, Lines 53-56]; responsive to dynamically allocating the memory area, associating the memory area with a data access indicator [Column 3, Line 66 Column 4, Line 10]; responsive to executing an instruction in the code at a processor in the data processing system, determining whether an access to a memory location associated with the data access indicator has occurred [Figure 7, #715 & Column 4, Lines 24-44]; and if the data access indicator by the

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processor when the instruction is executed [Figure 7, #730], wherein the coverage data for the dynamically allocated data is generated during execution of the code by the processor [Column 11, Line 55 – Column 12, Line 11].

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- b. As for Claim 2, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the data access indicator includes an identification of a starting location and an ending location for the memory location allocated [Column 2, Line 62 Column 3, Line 7].
- c. As for Claim 3, FROG further discloses the method of claim 2, wherein the data access indicator includes the identification of one byte beyond the ending location and wherein the access the one byte beyond the ending location indicates that a memory size of the memory area is insufficient ["Specified location within the segment" in Column 4, Lines 4-10]. Examiner understands that an offset of "one byte" beyond would be an inherent unit for loading into the address pointer disclosed by Hervin.
- d. As for Claim 4, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the memory area includes a starting memory location ["Base address" in Column 3, Line 1], an ending memory location ["Base address... and an offset" in Column 3, Lines 1-3] in which the starting memory location and the ending memory location span a requested size of memory equal to the request [Column 2, Line 62 Column 3, Line 7], and a subsequent memory location located one byte after a ending location ["Specified location within the segment" in

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Column 4, Lines 4-10], wherein the data access indicator is a first data access indicator in a set of data access indicators associated with the memory area, wherein the first data access indicator is associated with the starting memory location in the memory area ["No" branch of Figure 7, #715 & Column 2, Line 62 – Column 3, Line 7], and wherein the associating step includes: associating a second data access indicator in the set of data access indicators with the ending location for the requested memory area [Figure 7, #735 & Column 4, Lines 4-10]; and associating a third data access indicator in the set of data access indicators with the subsequent memory location [Figure 7, Column 13, Lines 4-17].

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- e. **As for Claim 5**, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1 further comprising: retrieving call stack information in response to dynamically allocating the memory area [Column 8, Lines 35-48].
- f. As for Claim 6, FROG further discloses the method of claim 5 further comprising: identifying code making the request for the memory area using the call stack information ["ID Stage" in Column 13, Lines 49-65].
- g. As for Claim 7, FROG further discloses the method of claim 5 further comprising: determining calling sequences in the code using the call stack information [Column 8, Lines 61-66].

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h. As for Claim 8, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the access indicator is located in a field in the instruction [Figure 5, #510 & Column 11, Lines 55-67].

- i. As for Claim 10, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the
  access indicator associated with the instruction is located in a page table
  [Column 8, Lines 49-53].
- j. As for Claim 11, FROG further discloses the method of claim 1, wherein memory location accessed during execution of the code have set data access indicators set when the state of access indicators associated with an executed instruction are changed, while memory location unaccessed during execution of the code have unset data access indicators because the state of the unset data access indicators remain unchanged [Column 4, Lines 24-44].
- k. As for Claim 12, FROG discloses a data processing system for generating coverage data for accesses to dynamically allocated data during execution of code in a data processing system, the method comprising: allocating means, responsive to a request to dynamically allocate a memory area for dynamically allocated data, dynamically for allocating the memory area [Column 3, Lines 53-5]; associating means, responsive to dynamically allocating the memory area, for associating the memory area with a data access indicator [Column 3, Line 66 Column 4, Line 10]; determining means, responsive to executing an instruction in the code at a processor in the data processing system, for determining

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whether an access to a memory location associated with the data access indicator has occurred [Figure 7, #715 & Column 4, Lines 24-44]; and changing means for changing a state of the data access indicator by the processor when the instruction is executed if the data access indicator is associated with the memory area [Figure 7, #730], wherein the coverage data for the dynamically allocated data is generated during execution of the code by the processor [Column 11, Line 55 – Column 12, Line 11].

- I. Claim 13 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 2.
- m. Claim 14 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 3.
- n. Claims 15 & 25 are rejected with same rationale as Claim 4.
- o. Claims 16 & 25 are rejected with same rationale as Claim 5.
- p. Claims 17 & 26 are rejected with same rationale as Claim 6.
- q. Claim 18 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 7.
- r. Claim 19 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 8.
- s. Claim 21 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 10.
- t. Claim 22 is rejected with same rationale as Claim 11.
- u. As for Claim 23, FROG discloses a computer program product in a computer readable medium for generating coverage data for accesses to dynamically allocated data during execution of code in a data processing system, the

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computer program product comprising: first instructions, responsive to a request to dynamically allocate a memory area for dynamically allocated data, dynamically for allocating the memory area [Column 3, Lines 53-5]; second instructions, responsive to dynamically allocating the memory area, for associating the memory area with a data access indicator [Column 3, Line 66 – Column 4, Line 10]; third instructions, responsive to executing an instruction in the code at a processor in the data processing system, for determining whether an access to a memory location associated with the data access indicator has occurred [Figure 7, #715 & Column 4, Lines 24-44]; and fourth instructions for changing a state of the data access indicator by the processor when the instruction is executed if the data access indicator is associated with the memory area [Figure 7, #730], wherein the coverage data for the dynamically allocated data is generated during execution of the code by the processor [Column 11, Line 55 – Column 12, Line 11].

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 9 & 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hervin et al. (US Patent # 5,805,879) as applied to claims 1 & 12 above, and further in view of Sederlund et al (US Patent # 6,647,301), herein Sederlund.

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a. Hervin does not expressly disclose a shadow memory.

- b. However, per Claims 9 & 20, Sederlund discloses the method of claim 1 and the data processing system of claim 12, wherein the access indicator associated with the instruction is located in a shadow memory [Column 25, Lines 46-64].
- c. Hervin and Sederlund are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor: computer memory control techniques. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the memory access indicator, as disclosed by Hervin, with the Shadow Memory, as disclosed by Sederlund. Furthermore, the suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been for the benefit of ensuring data accuracy, which is critical in a dynamically allocated memory system. Furthermore, Sederlund teaches the benefits of using a Shadow Memory in a memory system in Column 13, Lines 35-47.

#### Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick M. Moore whose telephone number is (571) 272-1239. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mano Padmanabahn can be reached on (571) 272-4210. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). Caro Rodmanashen 5/12/06

**PMM** 

MANO PADMANABHAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER